



**Hewlett Packard
Enterprise**

Object Storage

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Presales - WSI



What is an Object?



File

System Metadata

Filename: ferrari.jpg

Created: 18 January 2016

Last Modified: 16 April 2017

Custom Metadata

Subject: Ferrari Berlinetta

Place Taken: Monza

Category: Supercars

Allow Sharing: Yes

OBJECT = File + Metadata

What is Metadata?

–Describes the object

- Helps you find the right file/object
- Tells you what the object is
- The specifications
- Used where and when
- Access permissions

–Any and all objects

- Different attributes per objects
- Add attributes latera



Ingredients: Potatoes, Vegetable Oil (Sunflower, Corn and/or Canola Oil), and Salt.

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 oz (28g/About 15 chips)

Amount Per Serving

Calories 160 **Calories from Fat** 90

% Daily Value*

Total Fat 10g **16%**

Saturated Fat 1.5g **8%**

Trans Fat 0g

Cholesterol 0mg **0%**

Sodium 170mg **7%**

Potassium 350mg **10%**

Total Carbohydrate 15g **5%**

Dietary Fiber 1g **5%**

Sugars less than 1g

Protein 2g

Vitamin A 0% • Vitamin C 10%

Calcium 0% • Iron 2%

Vitamin E 6% • Thiamin 4%

Niacin 6% • Vitamin B₆ 10%

Magnesium 4% • Zinc 2%

* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs:

		Calories:	2,000	2,500
Total Fat	Less than	65g	80g	
Sat Fat	Less than	20g	25g	
Cholesterol	Less than	300mg	300mg	
Sodium	Less than	2,400mg	2,400mg	
Potassium		3,500mg	3,500mg	
Total Carbohydrate		300g	375g	
Dietary Fiber		25g	30g	

Calories per gram:
Fat 9 • Carbohydrate 4 • Protein 4

Imagine Metadata as the Label of the Chips

- End-user self-service
- Automation
- Regulatory compliance
- Marketing
- Disposition
- Procedures
- Branding



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Metadata is the new data

Metadata is KEY to BIG DATA



- Place the data where it needs to be
- Mine the metadata
- Search the content
- Gather the metrics
- Trending
- Relate disparate objects with other objects

Data fuels the transformation to digital enterprise

More connected people, apps, and things generating more and more data



10X
faster growth
than
traditional
business data

- Enterprises facing increased storage needs from IoT/connected systems, big data, and data growth rates.
- Companies realize that money is to be made from data and do not want to miss out.
- Public cloud alternatives add risk and complexity – cost savings are questionable. Early adopters already pulling back from cloud deployments
- IDC predicts that the worldwide amount of data will reach 40 zettabytes by 2020, and more than 163 zettabytes a year by 2025.

Human data

Sensor data

Business data

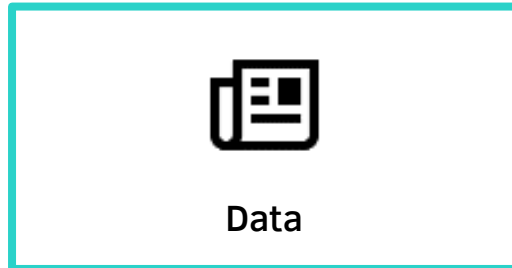
What is Object-based Storage?

A way to store file data in the form of objects on a flat address space based on its content and attributes rather than its name and location

Datasets, small and large, are stored efficiently in a self-healing structure

Metadata and other user-definable attributes are attached to each data item

Each completed object has a unique object ID, generated using a specialized algorithm



+



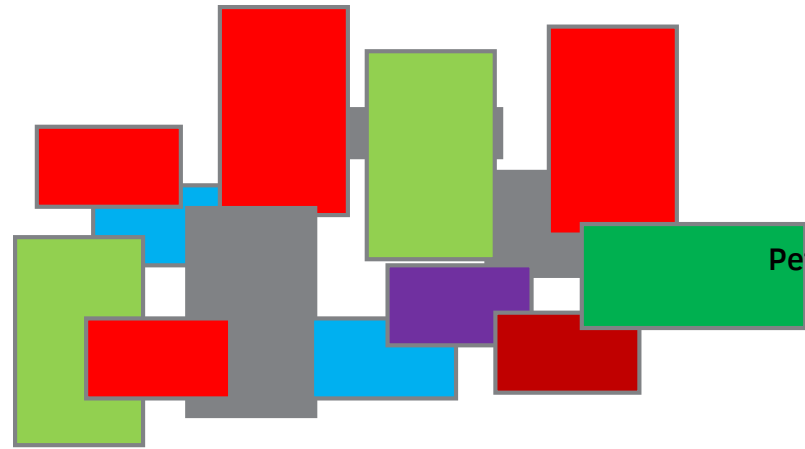
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Flat Namespace

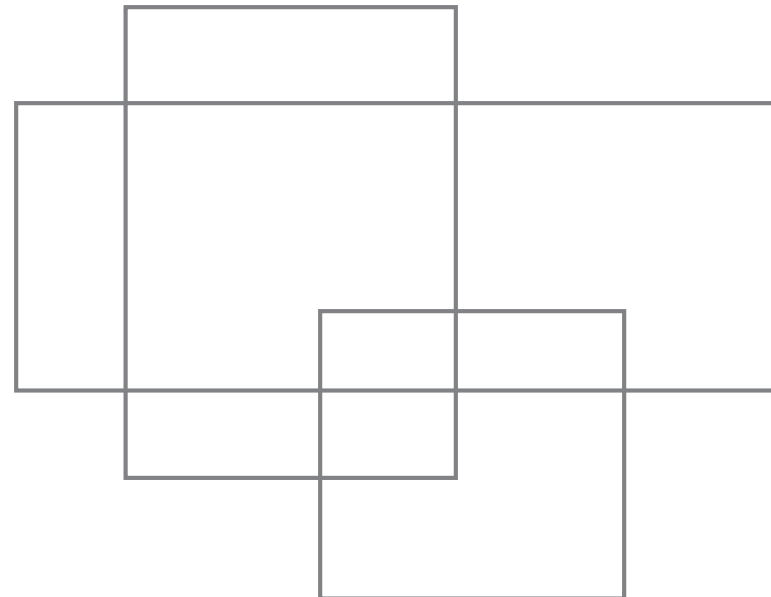
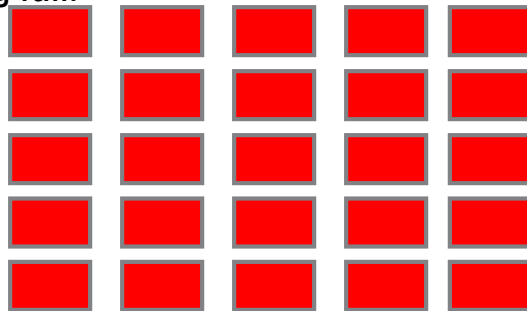
Object Storage

Valet Parking Analogy



This is big data.
Petabytes of vehicles of different shapes and sizes

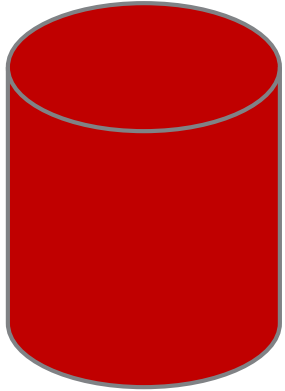
A traditional file-system is like a self-service parking lot. You have to find a slot that fits. No one is going to protect your car from damage. And you worry about the lot getting full.



Object store is valet parking. Someone parks the car for you. All size vehicles fit, your car is protected and the lot can grow as needed.



Block, File and Object Storage



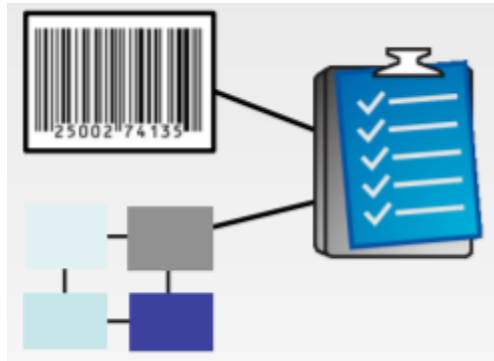
Block Storage

- Specific location on disks or memory
- Blocks within sectors and tracks



File Storage

- Specific folders in a specified hierarchy
- Blocks within sectors and tracks

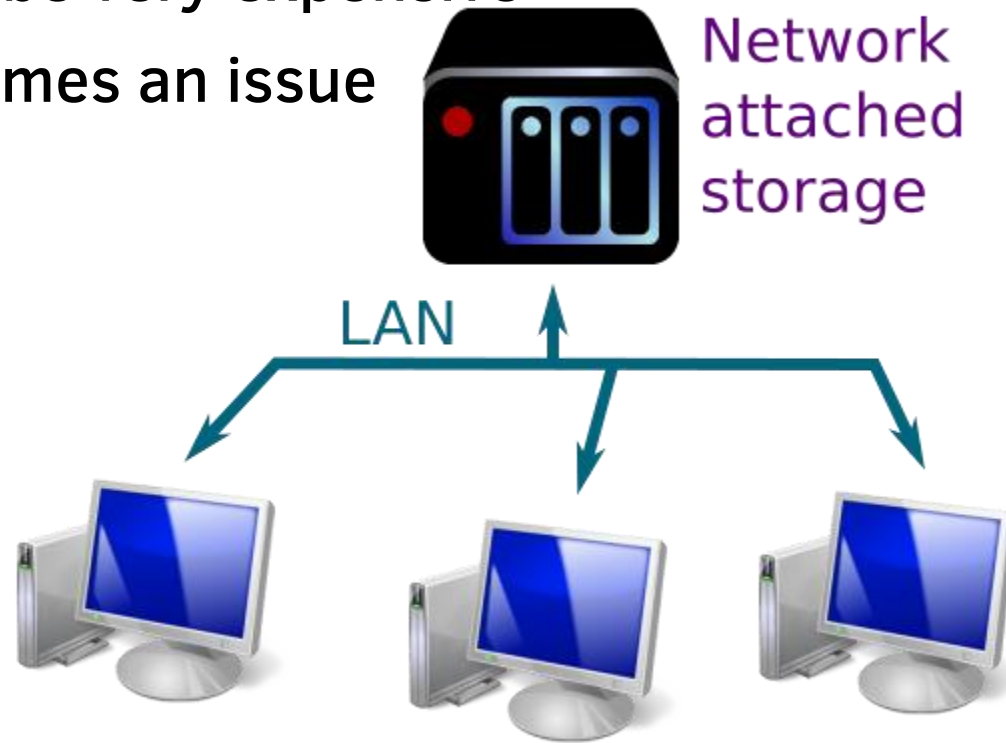


Object Storage

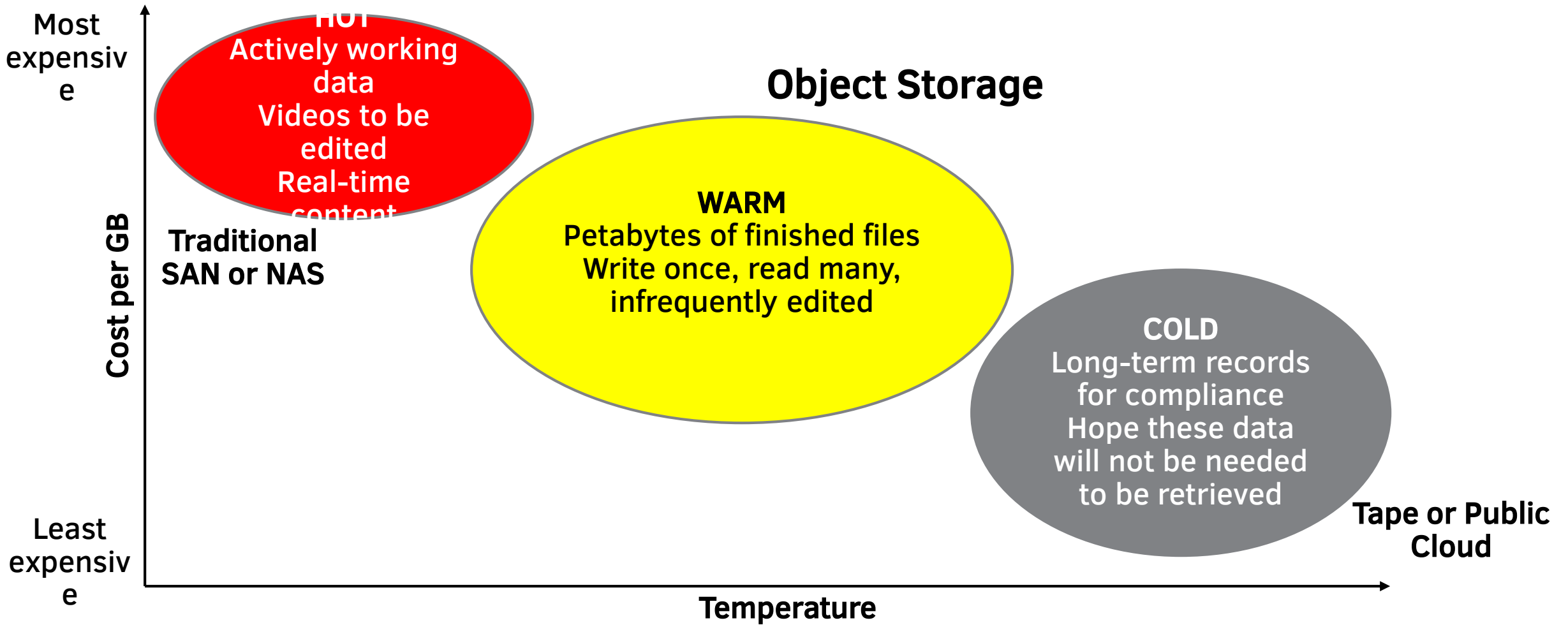
- Data stored as objects
- Scalable containers
- File + Metadata

Why not NAS?

- Legacy NAS devices cannot scale to meet the demands
- Modern NAS can scale but can be very expensive
- Cost and/or performance becomes an issue



Using Object Storage in tiered storage systems



Data Protection: Replication and Erasure Coding

Replication

- Keep multiple copies of the object on separate hardware
- Customize number of replicas per object
- Manage replica lifecycle

Erasure Coding

- Data is broken into fragments, then they are expanded and encoded with redundant data pieces and stored across different media
- RAID-5 and RAID-6 are examples of erasure codes.
- Useful with large quantities of data and any applications or systems that need to tolerate failures, such as disk array systems, data grids, distributed storage applications, object stores and archival storage.

When is object storage the right choice?

Do you want to get more business insights and make money out of their data?

Current storage cannot handle the size of your content

Flat namespace, unlimited scale, built-in data protection-all for less cost.

Needs an alternative to long-term storage on tape

Tape latency causes them to miss SLAs?
Can tape scale to the data sizes that needs to be stored and searched?

Needs answers from static data

Is data readily available? Can it be monetized?
Is tape latency a hindrance?
Can the current storage provide performance at scale?

Needs simpler storage for their customers and lines-of-business

Will they pay for self-service storage and on-demand retrieval?
Are the LOB data in the cloud? How about file-sync-and-share? Is it secure?

Object Storage Use Cases

**Backup Storage
Integration with
Commvault,
Symantec,
Veeam, etc.**

**Email Storage
Open-source**

**Private Cloud
Storage**

**Medical Imaging
Repository**

**Web-Scale
Applications**

**Media Asset
Management**

**Archiving for
Compliance**

**File Sync-and-
Share**

**IaaS, PaaS,
Hosting Services**

**Content Delivery
Network Stores
and Video-on-
Demand**

**Video
Surveillance
Storage**

Business Benefits of Object Storage

- Petabyte-scale storage, practically unlimited number of users
- Reduced data center footprint
- OPEX reduction
- Less number of admins managing multiple petabytes
- Compliance and reduced risk through integrated data protection



HPE Scalable Object Storage with Apollo

HPE Scalable Object Storage



Ceph
Object/Block/File



Object
Storage
SW layer

Apollo 4200/4510
nodes



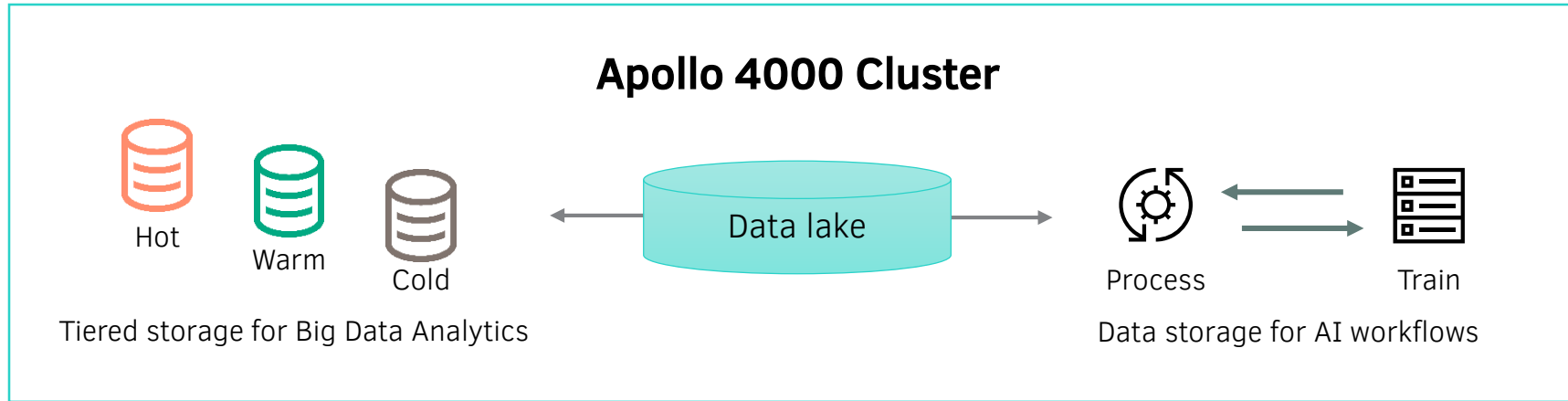
Scale-out HW layer

M-series
switches



Interconnect layer

More data from the edge means more storage in the core



Apollo 4200 Gen10

- 2U platform;
28 LFF or 54 SFF



Apollo 4510 Gen10

- 4U platform; 60 LFF

HPE's platform for Big Data and Scalable Object Storage

Density-optimized Apollo 4000 for software-defined storage

- The HPE Apollo 4000 density-optimized x86 servers are ideal for all scale-out object storage workloads
- Apollo 4000 servers have the same built-in management and many of the same options as HPE ProLiant series servers
- Apollo 4000 servers can be customized with CPU, memory, bulk storage HDD, solid state storage SSD, and network capability to tune for every customer's requirements
- HPE takes the guesswork out of configurations by calculating the ideal BOM based on user's capacity and workload needs



HPE Apollo 4200 Gen10

- Up to 288TB of bulk storage in just 2U
- All front-accessible hot-plug LFF
- Ideal for many-node geo-deployments with small fault zones

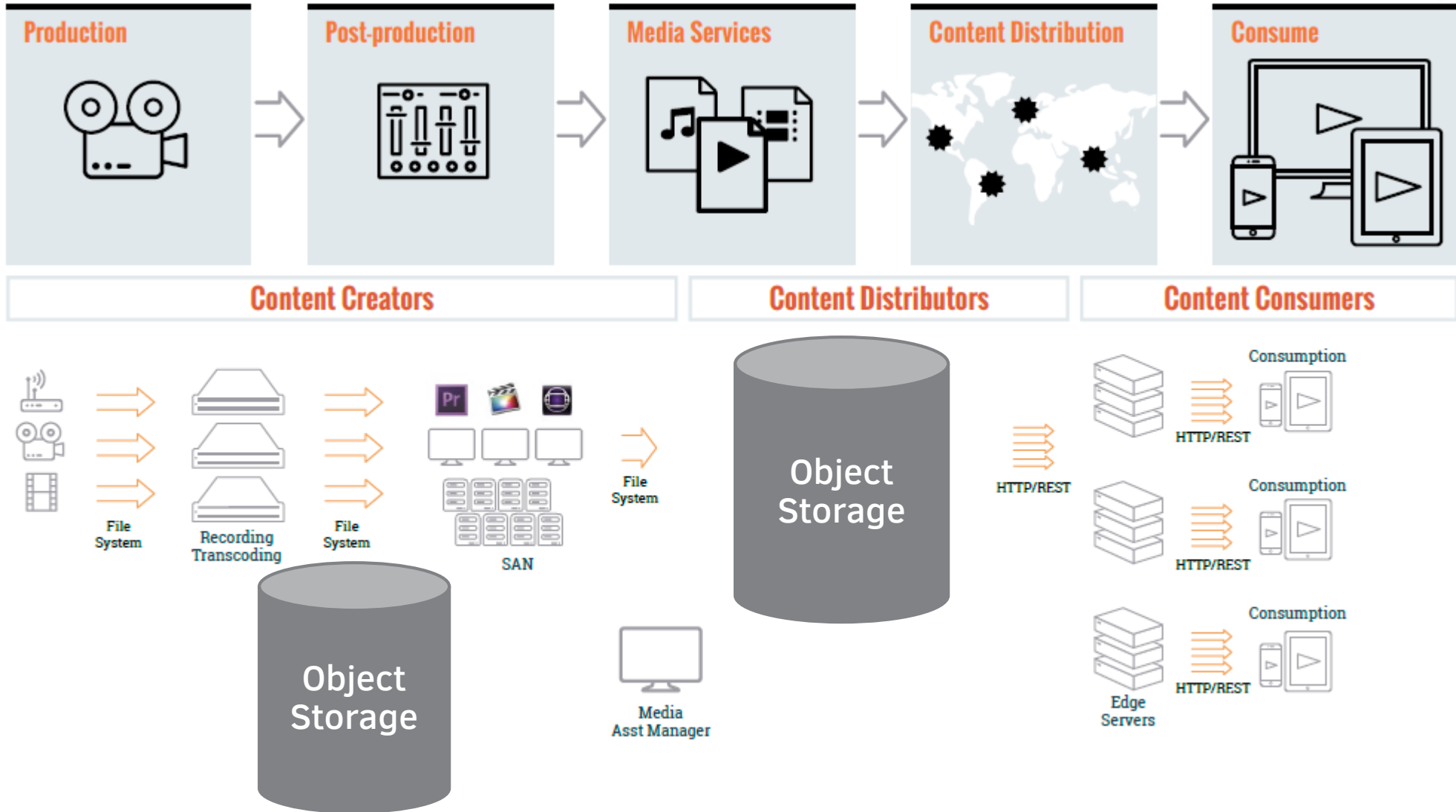


HPE Apollo 4510 Gen10

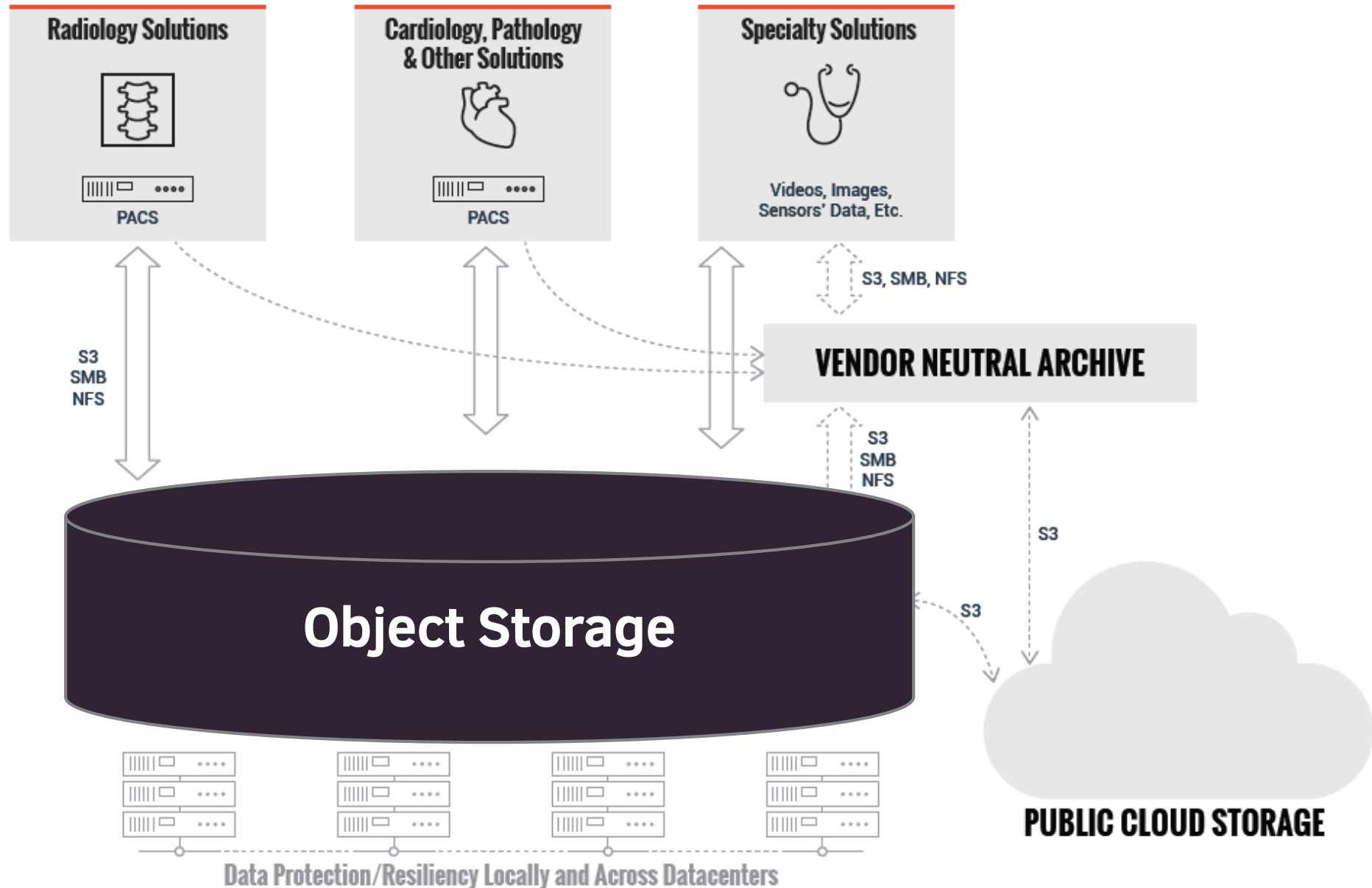
- Next-generation 4U density-optimized
- Up to 720TB of bulk storage
- 1 node in 4U rackmount
- Improved design puts 4U density into standard depth 1075mm racks
- Easier to service – twin front-accessible disk drawers

Object Storage Use Cases for Media and Entertainment

Object storage fits best into two areas: in Post-Production with Video Transcoding, Active Archive and Media Asset Management; and in Content Distribution with Video-On-Demand and CDN/Origin Server



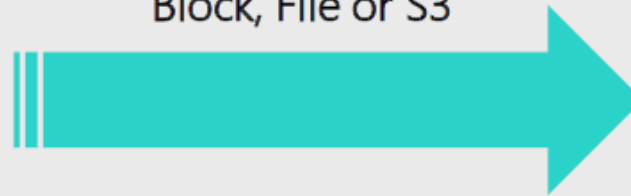
Object Storage Use Case for Medical Imaging



Archiving with Object Storage



Block, File or S3



SUSE Enterprise Storage

Lower Cost

SES reduces customer's acquisition and management cost.

Improved SLAs

Allows customers to respond to their end users by meeting backup windows and recovery times

Scalability

Growth in capacity and performance is achieved by simply adding servers.

Regulatory Requirements

Allows customers to meet regulatory and compliance requirements

Why HPE?

Intelligence changes everything

Unlock your data's full potential with HPE's storage portfolio for every use case across edge and hybrid cloud

AI-driven

HPE Infosight delivers AI-driven infrastructure automation and enables context-aware data management

Built for cloud

HPE Cloud Volumes and HPE Cloud Bank Storage provide native cloud integration
HPE Pointnext services to help you with your cloud journey

As-a-Service experience

HPE GreenLake is consumption based IT
Flexibility to test and migrate with investment models from HPE Financial Services



Hewlett Packard
Enterprise

Thank You!

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